

# Deploying Services

# Deployment Maths

- ~ 70 software components
  - + ~ 12 computers
  - + Different configurations for each
- 

= Headache

# Approach

- Need to componentise capabilities
- Need to support component inter-dependencies and versioning
- Control deployment and configuration in one place

# Componentisation – OSGi

- OSGi is a runtime for software *bundles*
- Bundles can be libraries or active processes
- OSGi manages dependencies and versioning
- Mature and well supported
  - Three open source implementations
  - Foundation of Eclipse 3.0

# Deployment – OSGi Client

- Core of solution: OSGi component model
- Clients boot an OSGi shell which...
  - ... loads OSGi software bundles from server which...
  - ...read their configuration from the server
- All software and configuration from server
- All software packaged as OSGi bundles

# Configuration – Livespace OSGi Services

- The Livespace deployment and configuration system are themselves OSGi bundles
- Livespace services bundles are
  - activated by the deployment bundle
  - can load configuration from the configuration bundle

# The Livespace Client

- A tiny (6K) JAR that pulls across OSGi and the Livespace bootstrap bundle via HTTP from a server
- Starts OSGi + bootstrap bundle
- Bootstrap takes over from there

# The Livespace Server

- Same OSGi environment as client
- Bundles loaded from local file-system rather than HTTP
- Provides bundles and configuration to clients via HTTP server
- Runs most of the entity-level room services: clipboard, meta app repository, ... etc

# Developing A Service

- A new service is typically developed outside of OSGi
- Service usually has no dependency on OSGi
- Once developed, add OSGi wrapping

# Bundling A Service

1. Write an activator (like `main()`)
2. Write an Ant build target to create bundle
3. Deploy
4. Fix inevitable dependency snafu's

# Bundling A Service – The Activator

- Loads configuration (if any)
- Resolves dependencies on other services
- Creates and starts service instance

# Bundling A Service – Simple Activator

```
public class Activator extends RoomBasedServiceActivator
{
    protected ILivespaceService createService ()
    {
        return new ClipboardService (elvin, room);
    }
}
```

# Bundling A Service – Complex Activator

```
public class Activator implements BundleActivator
{
    private Dependencies dependencies;
    private CommandLineService service;

    public void start (BundleContext context)
    {
        dependencies = new Dependencies ();
        dependencies.add
            ("computer",
             new ServiceDependency (context, IComputerService.class));
        dependencies.readyListeners.add
            (new Delegate (this, "startService", context));
        dependencies.notReadyListeners.add
            (new Delegate (this, "stopService"));

        dependencies.start ();
    }

    ...
}
```

# Bundling A Service – Complex Activator

```
protected void startService (BundleContext context)
{
    IComputerService computerService =
        (IComputerService)dependencies.get ("computer");

    service =
        new CommandLineService
            (computerService.getComputer (),
             Configuration.configurationFor ("livespace.command_line"));
}

protected void stopService ()
    throws Exception
{
    service.stop ();
    service = null;
}
```

# Bundling A Service – The Bundle Target

```
<target name="bundle_server" depends="compile">
  <jar jarfile="livespace.services.clipboard-1.0.0.jar">

    <manifest>
      <attribute name="Bundle-Name" value="livespace.services.clipboard" />
      <attribute name="Bundle-Version" value="1.0.0"/>
      <attribute name="Bundle-Description" value="Livespace shared clipboard service"/>
      <attribute name="Bundle-Activator"
                 value="livespace.services.clipboard.Activator" />
      <attribute name="Bundle-Classpath" value=". " />
      <attribute name="Bundle-Vendor" value="DST0" />
      <attribute name="Bundle-Category" value="service" />
      <attribute name="Import-Package"
                 value="dsto.dfc.datbeans,dsto.dfc.logging,livespace.services,
                         livespace.services.entities,livespace.services.room,
                         livespace.osgi,org.elvin.je4,
                         org.osgi.framework,org.osgi.service.cm" />
    </manifest>

    <fileset dir="classes" includes="livespace/services/clipboard/*.class"/>
  </jar>
</target>
```

# Deploying Bundles

- How to control which bundles are deployed to which hosts
- How to specify settings for services in those bundles

# Bundle Deployment Sets

- Deployment specified in *deploy set* files
- Bundles can be targeted:
  - Globally – deployed to all hosts
  - By category – e.g. deployed to “server” hosts
  - By host name
- Deploy sets are merged in the above order

# Bundle Run Levels

- Each bundle has a *run level*
- Same concept as UNIX run levels
- level < 5: system bundles
- level = 5: headless services
- level = 6: interactive bundles (UI)

# Service Configuration

- Services configured using Java property files
- Same global/category/host merging scheme as used for deploy sets

# Service Configuration

config/default/services/livespace.room.properties

```
# The name of the room
name=${room_name}

createService=false

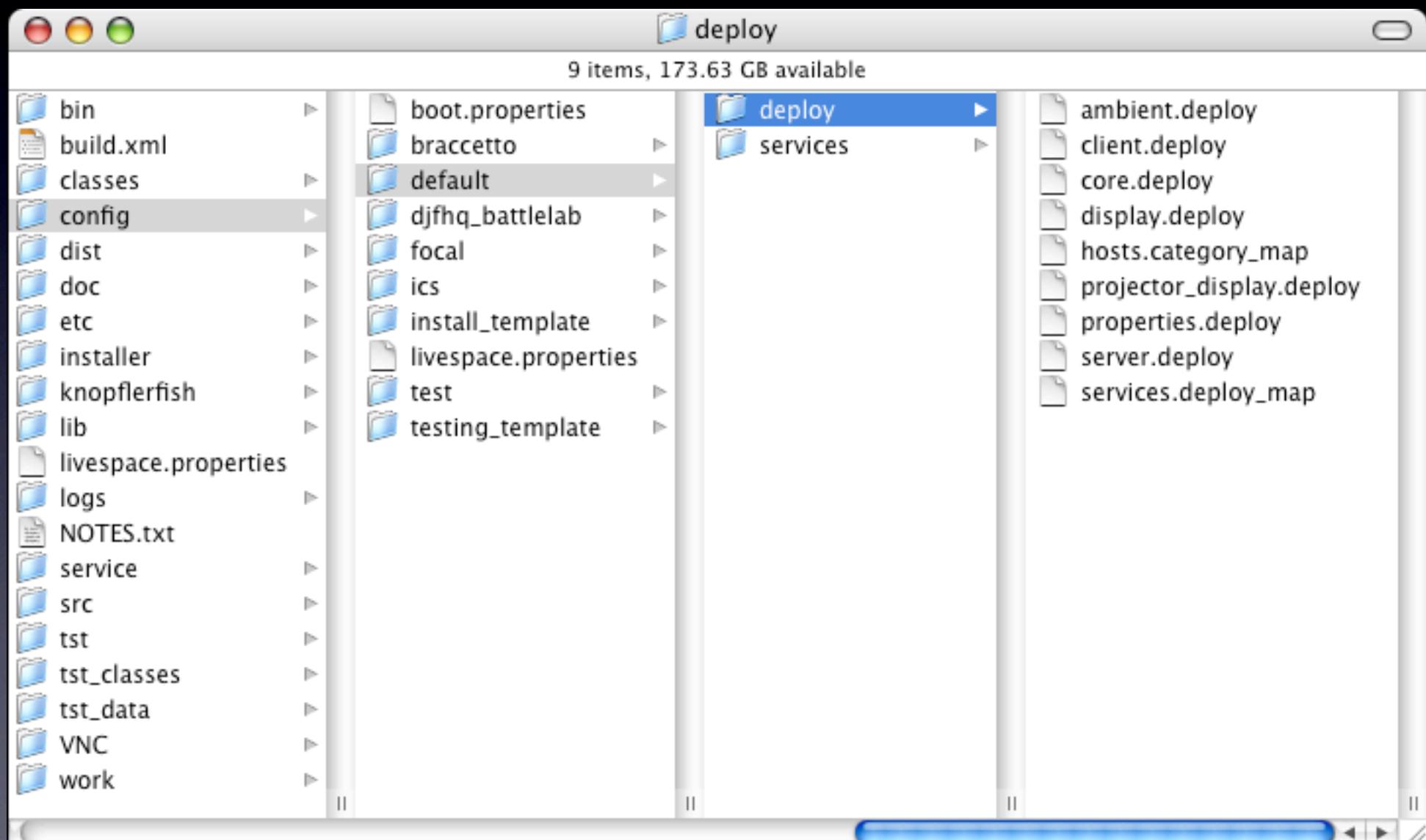
datastore=file://${main_server}/datastore

mediaBaseURL=http://${main_server}:8090/livespaces/media
```

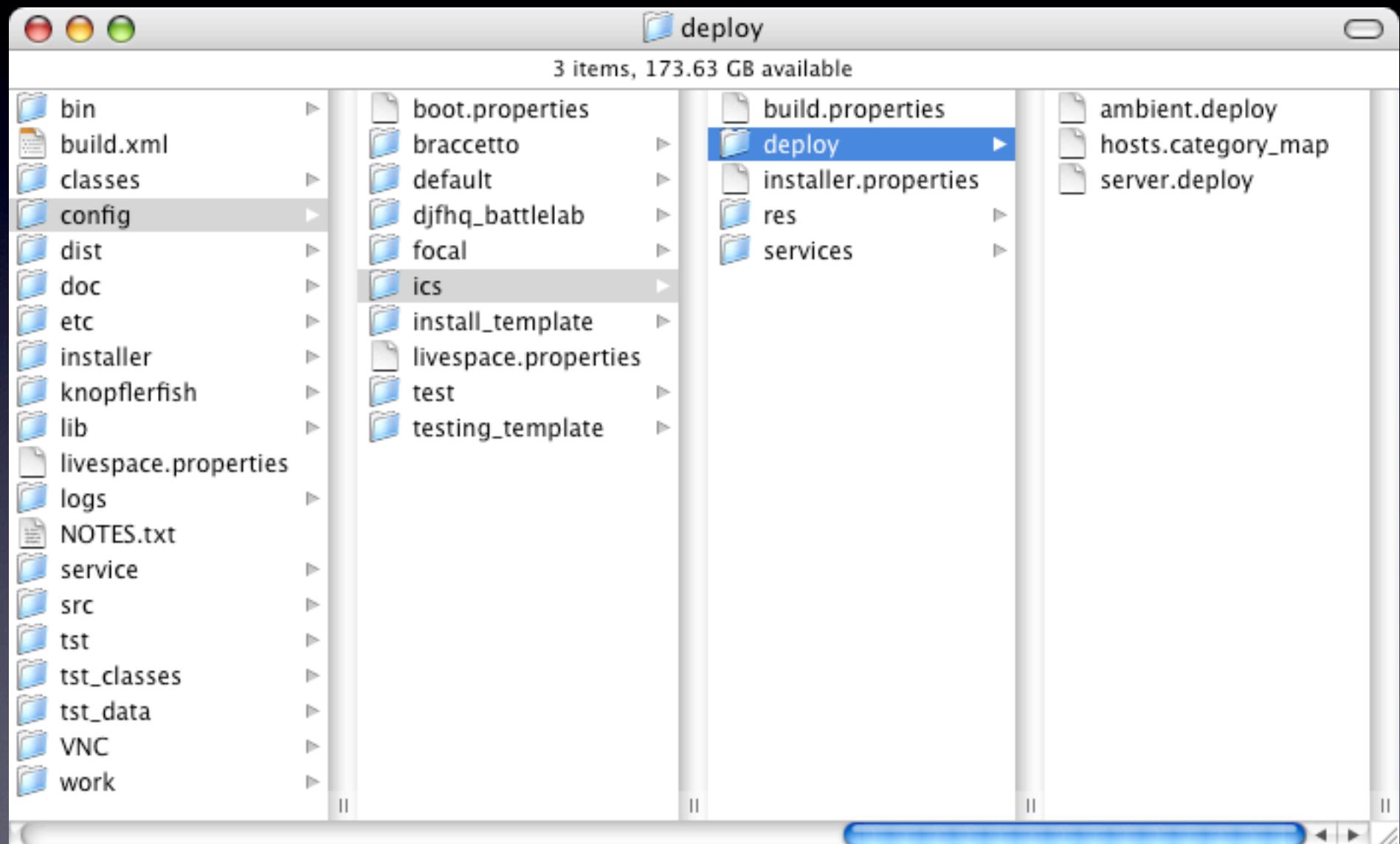
# Configuration Layout

- `$LIVESPACE_OSGI_PATH/config` points to root of config area
  - e.g. `http://main_server:8090/config`
- Configuration specified by merging files in two directories:
  - *default* – preset settings
  - *current* – customisations for local room

# Basic Deployment



# ICS Deployment



# Deploying Bundles

- How do we map deploy sets to hosts?
- `hosts.category_map` – maps from host name to category
- `services.deploy_map` – maps from category/hostname to deploy sets for the host

# Category Map

`config/ics/deploy/hosts.category_map`

`host.ics-winserver=server`

`host.ics-display-lft=projector_display`

`host.ics-display-ctr=projector_display`

`host.ics-display-rht=projector_display`

`host.ics-ambient=ambient`

`host.dent=display`

`host.beeblebrox=display`

`host.ics-autm1=client`

`host.ics-autm2=client`

# Deployment Map

config/default/deploy/services.deploy\_map

```
# Default config is client
default=client

# The services on the main server: server setup plus client front end
# You may want to remove the client config for headless servers
category.server=client + server

# clients simply get the client deploy config
category.client=client

# The display servers get client plus display extras
category.display=client + display

category.projector_display=client + projector_display

# The ambient display server
category.ambient=client + ambient
```

# Deploy Sets

## config/default/deploy/ core.deploy

```
initlevel 2

# Basic OSGi bundles
start util-1.0.0
start cm_all-1.0.1
start log_all-1.0.1
install jsdk-2.2
start http_all-1.1.0

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# Livespace core bundles
install livespace.common
install livespace.osgi
install livespace.services.osgi

start livespace.elvin
start livespace.osgi.controller
start livespace.logging.remote

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# Livespace services
start livespace.services
start livespace.services.room
start livespace.services.computer
start livespace.services.osgi_admin
start livespace.http
```

## config/default/deploy/ server.deploy

```
include core

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# Server hosts central log console
start livespace.logging.console

# Core room services

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start livespace.services.computer.guests
start livespace.services.clipboard
start livespace.services.room_presentation
start livespace.services.sessions
start livespace.services.meta_apps
start livespace.services.screen_sharing.server
start livespace.services.teamthink
```

# Exercise 2 – Deploying The Sound Player